

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

MILKMAID
STERILIZED
NATURAL
MILK
IS
PURE, FRESH
COWS' MILK

No. 16059.

號三十月十年四十一百九千一

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1914

亥甲戌年三國庚申

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month

THORNE'S

No. 4
OLD VAT
SCOTCH
WHISKY.

As supplied to the House
of Lords and House of Com-
mons.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS
ALEXANDRIA BUILDINGS, HONGKONG.

COMMERCIAL.

Messrs. S. D. Fenn and Co., Exporters
and Importers, in their fortnightly Report
dated Oct. 22 state:—

Bengal Opium.—Market ruled quiet.
Sales are reported of only 3 chests of Patna
Old at \$3200 (per chest). Clearances dur-
ing the past fortnight:—1 chest of Patna
New, 8 chests of Patna Old, and 1 chest of
Benares Old, in all about 10 chests.
Unsold stock:—122 chests of Patna New,
41 chests of Patna Old, 100 chests of
Benares New, and 142 chests of Benares
Old, in all about 1115 chests. Sold but
uncleared stock:—18 chests of Patna
New, 29 chests of Patna Old, 18
chests of Benares New, 40 chests of
Benares Old, in all 105 chests. Reported
closing quotations (per chest) are as
under:—

Patna New \$3250 Benares New \$3050
Patna Old 2200 Benares Old 825

Malwa Opium.—Buyers came forward
and sales are reported of about 60 chests
at \$8400 (per Picul). Clearances are
reported of about 24 chests. Unsold stock
is estimated at about 1010 chests. Sold
but uncleared stock is estimated at about
118 chests. Reported closing quotations
(per Picul) are as under:—
Malwa \$8500 to \$8600

Cotton.—Nothing doing. Market ex-
tremely quiet. No reliable prices can be
quoted.

Indian Yarn.—Market ruled quiet.
The Chinese merchants owing to heavy
discount of nearly 20% on Chinese sub-
sidy coin are receiving their investments
from the interior far below their pur-
chased values, and hence they are not
willing to operate freely, even at a decline
of \$3 to \$6 per bale on last sales. Buying
is restricted to their immediate require-
ments only. Some of the importers are
not free sellers as they see a heavy drop in
the rates of Exchange. Business during
the interval is reported of about 650 bales
as under:—

Bales	No. at per bale
25 City of Bombay	104 120
25 David	104 111 112
25 Naranjee	124 105
100 China	124 108
25 Moon	124 108
200 Dacca	124 108/109
50 Indo-China	124 117/118
100 China	204 122
100 Moon	204 122

is all about 650 bales comprising of about
75 bales of No. 10s., 370 bales of No. 12s.
and 200 bales of No. 20s. Unsold stock is
estimated at about 52000 bales. Sold but
uncleared stock is about 10000 bales.

Local Yarn.—Sales nil.

Japanese Yarn.—Sales are reported of
about 500 bales of No. 20s at \$123 to
\$125 per bale.

Sundry Articles.—Market rules quiet.
In imports there are some supplies short
and limited, prices show some advance but
in other articles show a marked decline.
Sales are reported in Boxer Sine at \$120
to \$160 (per catty), Boxer at \$23 (per
picul), Kiamis at \$30 (per picul), Peacock's
feathers at \$35 (per 10,000), and Gum
(Gamboge) at \$8 to \$12 (per picul). In
Exports, fall in rate of exchange coupled
with anxiety of Chinese dealers to quit
their holdings, a moderate business is re-
ported in Cassia at \$12 to \$11 (per picul),
Fire Crackers (Lava) at \$8 (per
case) Gaiwan at \$7 (per picul), Preserves
(in Jar) at \$1 to \$2 (per box), Cardamum
Seeds at \$35 (per picul) and Vermilion at
\$88 (per case). Reported closing quotat-
ions are as under:—

Imports [Price per picul of 133 1/3 lbs.]

Almonds	22 to 33
Aloe	15 to 20
Angoor (Grapes)	14 to 20
Apricots (Jardaloo)	11 to 22
Asafoetida	11 to 24
Axeterine Stone (per Catty)	1 to 1
Bamboo Camphor	13 to 15
B'Do"lum (Gogol)	4 to 7
Buzar Stone (per Catty)	120 to 180
Bezoar	7 to 8
Blueshole	4 to 7
Boxer	no stock
Borneal	no stock
Cloves	28 to 28
do Sticks	3 to 4
do Extracted	11 to 12
Ivory Bamboo	300 to 400
" Chatin	750 to 860
" Ghabia	350 to 450
" Khandwa	330 to 450
Kiamis	16 to 18
Mavej	8 to 15
Myrsinols	300 to 320
Musk (per Catty)	2 to 3
Myrrh	4 to 10
Onions, Bombay (per Basket)	0.90 cents
Prawn Dust	2 to 3
Putchuck (Uplate)	90 to 105
Quicksilver	no stock
Rice	45 to 7
Rosa Oil	45 to 80
Rose Maloes (Salaris)	6 to 40
Safflower	7 to 10

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM.

It is nothing so good for muscular
rheumatism, sprains, lameness, cramps
of the muscles, and like injuries as
Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It will effect a
cure in less time than any other treatment.
For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

BEST FOR INFANTS
BEST FOR INVALIDS

A Complete Diet
for INFANTS & INVALIDS

As Milk is one of its constituents the only other
ingredient required is water.

Write to NESTLE FOOD CO. P.O. Box 331,
Hongkong, for a free sample tin.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG.

FRIDAY, 23rd OCTOBER.

8 A.M. 'HEUNGSHAN.' 8 A.M. 'HONAM.'
5 P.M. 'KINSHAN.' 5 P.M. 'FATSHAN.'

THURSDAY, 24th OCTOBER.

8 A.M. 'HONAM.' 8 A.M. 'HEUNGSHAN.'
5 P.M. 'KINSHAN.' 5 P.M. 'FATSHAN.'

Single Fare by Night Steamer \$ 6.10
Return Fare by Night (available also for Return by day Steamer) 10.00
Single Fare by Day Steamer 4.00
Return Fare by Day Steamer 8.00

The attention of the travelling Public is drawn to the comfort afforded by the
Company's vessels. Passengers arriving by Night Steamers from Canton (due at
Hongkong about 11 p.m.) are permitted to sleep on board till next morning without
extra charge. Electric fans and electric light are available all night.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. 'SUI TAI.' S.S. 'TAISHAN.'
HONGKONG TO MACAO

Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf
Sundays, at 8 A.M. and 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 25th OCTOBER.

The Company's Steamship, "TAISHAN,"

will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 8 A.M.
and return from Macao at 2 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at
7.30 A.M., and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M., from the Company's Wing Lok Street
Wharf.

FARES AS USUAL.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. 'SUI TAI.'

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M.
Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 P.M.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. 'SAINAM,' 558 Tons, and S.S. 'NANSING,' 564 Tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday
and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at about 8 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to
Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers, "LINTAN" and
"SANTU." These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted
throughout by electricity. Electric fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the:—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HOTEL MANSIONS (Formerly Hotel)

Opposite the Blake Pier.

MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE.

A SALE OF WORK

in aid of Local Charities for

Children and the Prince of

Wales Fund

will be held in the

Grounds of Government House

(by kind permission of His Excellency

the Governor)

on

SATURDAY, 31st OCTOBER.

From 2 to 6 p.m.

Entrance only at the Garden Gate

in Upper Albert Road.

Prices of admission Adults 30 Cts.

Children 10

All Members and Associates free

"Mrs. JUBILEE'S WAXWORKS"

Toys and Fancy Articles

Ice Sweet Tea

NO CHITS TAKEN.

Hongkong, October 19, 1914.

[If you happen to be late your meals will
be courteously and promptly served
just the same. Only at the ALEXAN-
DRA CAFE.]

CHEN KWONG & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL IMPORT & EXPORT.

CANTON

LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL

STORE.

FURNITURE, Draperies, Groceries,

Boat and Sheet

Makers of Jewellery, Lacquer,

Crockery Ware.

Ironmongery, Wine and Spirits

Foreign Clothes for gentlemen made to

order by our own tailor.

Large assortment of Chinese Silks and

Foreign Goods of every description.

All goods sold at reasonable Prices.

The Cheapest and Best place in Canton &

Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign

Goods.

8UP PAT POO STREET,

CANTON and

No. 271, 273, Des Voeux Road

and No. 127, Cornsleigh Road Central.

Tel. No. 911. Hongkong.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG, LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORCE-
MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL,
ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.

WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.

Estimates given for quick construction and re- of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway
Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DUCK 787 x 83 x 3.8"

Pumps empty Dock in 2-34 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAY tanks range up to 3,000 tons displacement,
providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES
throughout the Dock ranging up to 100 Tons.

50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR:—

JOHN L. THORNTON & CO., LTD.

PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 150 H.P.

As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS,
LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION.

MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, etc.

Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the
Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address: "TAIKOO DOCK." Telephone No. 215.

MEE CHEUNG

ART PHOTOGRAPHER.

CHILDREN'S PHOTOS

A

SPECIALITY.

NOTE ADDRESS

ICE HOUSE HONGKONG

NEW SHIPMENT

Government guaranteed 1st Grade Butter.
Packed specially in Australia for us. Absolutely
Best imported. None Better quality made.
75 cents per lb.

FOR THE BEST OF EVERYTHING PROCURABLE IN ANY 1st CLASS
RESTAURANT IN THE EAST TRY THE

ALEXANDRA CAFE

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

AND

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART

MANAGER.

PEAK HOTEL.

ADJACENTLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms.

East Garden.

Terms:—From \$5 per day

Telegraph Add: "Peacetal."

P. O. PEUSTER

Manager.

GRAND HOTEL.

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, REFRESHMENTS, ACCOMMODATION
AND CLEANLINESS.

CUISINE UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.

ELECTRIC LIGHT & FANS THROUGHOUT.

F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

Portland Cement

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 25 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS

Effervescent Saline

For purifying the Blood
and cooling the System.

Refreshing Invigorating

PRICE \$1.00 per bottle.

THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

HONGKONG TURKISH BATH & TOILET CO., LD.

NOW OPEN

LADIES DAYS MONDAYS AND TUESDAYS

CHARGES:—

Turkish Bath \$3

Electric Bath 3

Complete Body Massage 2

Single Bath 75 cts.

FOR MEDICAL BATH DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION WANTED.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR VOLUNTEERS.

13 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. J. C. SPIESS, Manager.

"MUMEYA"

"While-you-wait" Photography

JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH
IN 15 MINUTES.

"Special terms 30% reduction for Vol. 112222
and all men in uniform."

No. 8, Queen's Road Central.

TELE. No. 254. 675

THE KWONG HIP LONG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We own two shipways and can accommodate any craft
of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 43, CORNHILL ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong. Telephone No. 459.

Shipyards, Shum-Sai-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. K 8.

Estimates furnished on application. WONG FING WA, Manager.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE
BRITISH MADE



"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the
highest grade of nutritive cocoa presented to
the market; it fully maintains its high reputa-
tion for value and delicacy of flavor, and
is second to none in any respect whatsoever."
Medical Magazine, March, 1912

CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes

Specially Packed for Export

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN," BOURNVILLE, ENG.

Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1907.

INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMERS & JEWELLERS.

DIAMOND BRACELETS, RINGS, BROOCHES,
SILVER CUPS, TEA SETS, CIGARETTE CASES
etc., etc.,

AGENTS FOR

BENSON'S ENGLISH MADE WATCHES.

HOTEL MANSIONS, OPPOSITE GENERAL POST OFFICE.

WING KEE & CO.,

Nos. 47, 48 and 49, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.

SHIP CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL
MERCHANTS, &c., &c., OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.
FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager.

Hongkong, August 12, 1908

THOS. COOK & SON.

TOURIST, STEAMSHIP & FORWARDING AGENTS,
BANKERS, etc.

Head Office for the Far East: 10, FINE VIEW ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.
SHANGHAI, 23, FINEVIEW ROAD. YOKOHAMA, 24, WATER STREET.
MANILA—MILAN HOTEL. P. O. Box 7-6

TICKETS applied to EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and
TRANS SIBERIAN RAILWAY.
TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the World.
BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED.
FOREIGN MONIES exchanged.

CHIEF OFFICE—LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.

THE KAILAN MINING
ADMINISTRATION.

KAIPING COAL

Now well-known throughout the East for

STEAM & SNG, FORGING, STEEL MAKING, SHIP BUNKERS, &c.

HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

KAIPING COKE

Complete with the best quality English Coke for

FURNACE, SMELTING and HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

HIGHEST FIREBRICKS GARDE
FIRECLAY,
STOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND.

OFFICES: QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, HONGKONG.

TEL. ADDRESS: MAISHAN, HONGKONG.

TELEPHONE: No. 869.

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

A Natural
Remedy

Time was when disease was thought to be due
to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism
and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil
spirits exist still. We call them "Disease
Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once
lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with
its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches
and pains, is the result.

ENO'S
FRUIT SALT

is the approved remedy for driving out disease
germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It
clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new
life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy
action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole
digestive tract.

It may be safely taken at any time by young
or old.

It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhoea
by removing the irritating cause.

Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping
a bottle in the house.

Prepared on by

A. G. ENO, LTD., "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

INTIMATIONS

MITSUBISHI GOSHI KWAISHA
(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TARA-
NIMA, OGI, MUTABE, YO-
SHINOTANI, KISHIDAKE, HOJO,
KANADA, NAMAKUTA, SAJO,
SHINNEW and KAMIYAMADA
Collieries.

AGENTS for YAMATO, & OYUBARI
COALS.

HEAD OFFICE—TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES:—

Nagasaki, Moji, Karatsu,
Wakamatsu, Otsu, Muroran,
Hakodate, Kobe, Osaka, Kure,
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya,
Tsuruga, Maatsuyama, Hongkong,
Hankow, Peking.

TEL. ADDRESS for above: IWASAKI
Codes—A1, ABC 5th Ed., Western Union.

AGENCIES:

CHINKIANG: Messrs Gearing &
Co.MANTLA: Messrs Macdonald &
Co.SINGAPORE: Messrs Borneo Co.
Ltd.GLASGOW: Messrs A. R. Brown
McFarlane & Co., Ltd.

For particulars, apply to

K. KATO,
Manager,
No. 2, PEDDER STREET,
HONGKONG. 816

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

We are always in a position to
supply you with the best obtainableLOCAL & AUSTRALIAN
MEATSSMOKED FISH SAUSAGES.
HAMS, BACON,
CORNED PORK,
CORNED BEEF,AND W. L. LANCET
Absolutely the best Table Butcher
that money can buy.

THE "DAISY" BRAND.

68

NORTH BRITISH & MERCHANTS
INSURANCE CO.IN WHICH ARE LISTED THE NAMES OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.,and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1913.

£23,622,185.

I—Authorized Capital £6,000,000

Subscribed Capital £4,000,000

Paid up Capital £2,437,500

II—Fire Funds £3,896,114

III—Life & Annuity Funds £16,136,169

Sinking Fund Account £8,651

£22,541,238

Revenue Fire Branch £3,507,138

Life and Annuity £1,973,209

Branches £282,693

Revenue Marine Department £430,183

Other Receipts £23,233,312

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
Agents.

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear.

MADE
TO
ORDER

CHERRY & CO.,

PEDDER STREET,
Opposite Hongkong Hotel.

Telephone No. 491.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

DON'T Forget after the Show, Seppin,
and Light Refreshments.ALEXANDRA CARP
Open Till Midnight.The
Old English Squire

of song and story was the one kindly old
mortal who certainly knew what comfort
A generous heart in his daily joys was
Churchwarden, Clay and a palm full of ripe, mellow tobacco.

Old English Curve Cut carries out that
"sweet tradition of smoke." It is a
distinctive old aristocrat among pipe
tobacco. The curved "slice to a pipe full"

way in which Old English is
packed absolutely prevents the
tobacco from becoming dry and
under, and preserves its original
freshness and fragrance.

It is made for the pipe
only—hard-pressed sliced
and pressed, and smokes
burning, cool smoke.

Sold by
all High-Class
Tobaccoists.

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

Old English Curve Cut
Pipe Tobacco

that the battlefield is limited to the strong
fortresses which will stand the extended
lines of the French and by limiting the
Germans.

This is what General Joffre has done,
retired to the narrowest part of France
between Paris and Verdun. The success
of his strategy is amply shown—New
York Herald.

ENGLAND AND FOOD SUPPLIES.

Intensive farming throughout the British
Isles and the ploughing of land at every
place where it is available is urged in an
open letter issued today by Mr. Lloyd
George, secretary of the Unionist Agricul-
tural Committee. The greatest possible
amount of grain should be grown next year,
the writer says, and he suggests that a
British Government guarantee the farmer
a fair price for all wheat grown.

If steps are not taken to secure a supply
of wheat from May to August, Mr.
Lloyd George says, "we may see wheat rise to
famine prices. To avoid this the govern-
ment should offer a considerable bounty to
all farmers to keep their wheat in stock
until May of next year, the same time
reserving the right to purchase all the
wheat at a price equal to the present price
plus the bonus."

The Standard states that the Germans
are making a desperate attempt to deprive
the United Kingdom of provisions supplied
by the Scandinavian countries. German
agents are now travelling through
Norway, Sweden and Denmark offering
prices twenty per cent higher than those
carried by British contracts. To aid this
attack the German government has removed
the import duty on provisions.

English merchants are concerned lest the
German "subsidies" influenced by German
high prices, should divert some of their
trade to Germany. Such practice, they
state, is contrary to the established trade
principles of giving preference to a regular
customer in time of stress.

There are at the present time about six
thousand German suspects and prisoners
of war in the concentration camps of Great
Britain.

These camps are at Aldershot, Newbury,
Dorchester, Quinsbury, Lancaster, Dyr-
rim Hall (near Chester), Edinburgh and
Templemore, Ireland. The Aldershot camp
is at Fitch Hill. At Dorchester the men
are in barracks. The Newbury camp is
on the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,
and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,
and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,

and similar accommodations have been
obtained at Lancaster. The Irish station
at Templemore is using the military bar-
acks for the housing of these prisoners and
the famous race course, and two disused
terraces are being used at Quinsbury,



THE DOLLAR MARK

never obscures her idea of
eyeball service—the first
consideration here is perfect
satisfaction in glasses and
our patrons never find reason
to complain of our charges.

We use every scientifi-
c method of value in
testing the sight.

FOR ALL EYE TROUBLES
CONSULT US.

CLARK & Co.
SCIENTIFIC OPTICIANS
100 BLDG. CHATER RD.
HONGKONG

Hongkong, May 25, 1914. 148

INTIMATIONS

ITALIAN CONVENT
BAZAAR.

ON

Saturday, 24th October, 1914,

and following days.

Commencing each day at 10 a.m.

Ladies' Dresses, Children's
Frocks, Table Covers,
Handkerchiefs,
Boys' Jerseys, Babies' Robes,
In a large variety of style.

THE CHILDREN'S BAZAAR is a
special feature of this year's
sale.

A Visit to the Convent during the
Bazaar will afford a rare opportunity
of getting an insight into the educational
value of the Industrial Section of the
School, wherein the technical training of
hundreds of orphan girls is being con-
ducted from day to day.

Hongkong, October 17, 1914.

NOTICE.

W. & A. GILBEY'S WINES & SPIRITS.

A. S. WATSON & Co. Limited

have been appointed

AGENTS for Messrs. W. & A. Gilbey's
Wines and Spirits.

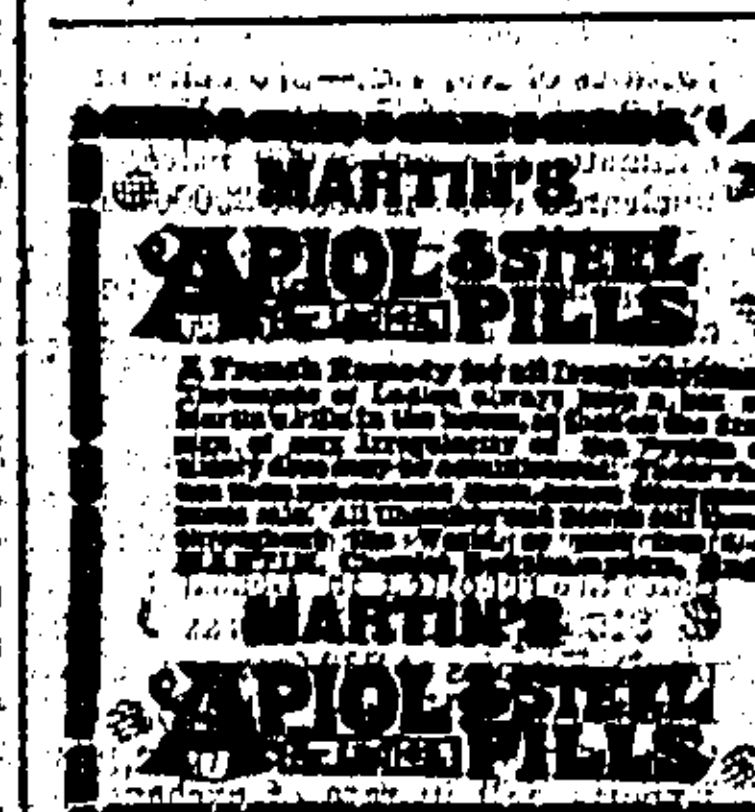
A. S. WATSON & Co. Ltd.

Hongkong, Oct. 22, 1914. 1114

FOR SALE.

A 25 ft. MOTOR-BOAT. Burns Gas-
oline, and Kerosene, speed 8 miles
an hour.Apply to
D. RUMJAHN,
C/o BEZWA & Co.

Hongkong, Oct. 22, 1914. 1113



FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON,

15, Morrison Hill Road.

1015

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1869.

IRON STEEL METAL and HARD

WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale

Hughes and Hough
 Auctioneers to the Government
 AND ADMIRALTY.
 General Auctioneers
 AND
 Share, Coal and
 General Brokers.
 PROPRIETORS
 "TO-KWA-WAN"
 COAL STORAGE.
 Codes used:
 A.B.C. 4th & 5th Editions.
 A1. TELEGRAPHIC CODES.

Telegraphic Address
MERRION HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

on **SATURDAY,**
 the 24th October, 1914, commencing at
 2.30 P.M., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
 Des Vaux Road, Corner of
 Ice House Street,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF
**VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND
 BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, etc.**

As follows:—
 TEAKWOOD, &c.—Two Drawing Room
 Suites, Dining Room Furniture, &c.,
 Arm-chairs and Sofas, Carpets and Rugs,
 New Brass and Brass-mounted Bolsters,
 Toilet Tables, Wardrobes, Washstands,
 &c., Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Ex-
 tension Dining Table and Chairs, etc.,
 &c., Dinner and Dessert Services,
 Crockery, Glass and E.P. Ware, Cooking
 Stoves, (New), Kitchen Utensils, Cutlery,
 &c.,

Also
 Two Pianos in good condition, One
 Large Musical Box original cost £20,
 Electric Reading Lamp, etc., 1 Marble
 Clock, Iron Safe, Ice Chest, Typewriter,
 Lace Curtains (new), Brass Curtain Poles,
 &c.

Catalogues will be issued.
 Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
 Auctioneers.

Hongkong, October 18, 1914. 109

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction

(for account of the concerned),
 on **MONDAY,**
 the 26th October, 1914 at 2.30 p.m., at
 No. 8, Ormsby Terrace, Granville
 Road, Kowloon.

STURDY
**VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
 FURNITURE,**
 therein contained.

Consisting of:—
 Teakwood Sideboard, Ice Chest, Over-
 mantel, Wardrobe, (Bevelled Mirror),
 Double Brass-mounted Bed, Rattan
 Furniture, &c., &c., &c.

Also
 Cooking Stove and a number of Plants
 and Potted Plants.

On view day of sale from 10 o'clock a.m.
 Catalogues will be issued.

Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
 Auctioneers.

Hongkong, October 19, 1914. 1107

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

(for account of the concerned),
 on **THURSDAY,**
 the 26th October, 1914, commencing at
 2.15 p.m., at No. 11, A,
 Conduit Road.

THE WHOLE OF THE
**VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
 FURNITURE,**
 &c., &c., &c.

therein contained,
 Consisting of:—
 Teak Ball Stand and Side Tables, Side-
 boards, Dinner Waggon, Wine Cabinet,
 Large Extension Dining Table and Chairs,
 Paintings, Engravings and Etchings, Glass
 and Crockery Ware, Leather-covered
 Chairs and Sofas, Bookcases, Desks, &c.,
 Lane Crawford make, Brass-mounted
 Bedsteads, Box and Hair Mattresses,
 Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands,
 Bed and Table Linens, Blankets, &c.,
 Pansy, Bathroom and Kitchen Utensils.

Also
 Fowling Piece, American Ice Chest,
 Birmingham make Safe, Croquet Set,
 Tennis Poles, &c., and Lawn Roller,
 Plants in Pots and Porcelain Stands,
 &c., &c., &c.

A Number of SILVER COFFERS.
 (Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
 On view day of sale from 9 a.m.
 Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
 Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 20, 1914. 1109

IF you have lost your appetite, one of the best variety of dainty dishes at the

ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK.

THE FOOD DRINK FOR ALL AGES.

A delightful beverage, instantly available by the
 addition of hot or cold water only.

NO COOKING REQUIRED.

Supplies ample nourishment to meet the needs
 of all ages and conditions from Infancy to Age.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.

In 3 Sizes, of all Chemists and Stores.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., Slough, Bucks, ENGLAND.

BATTLE STORIES BY BRITISH SOLDIERS.

SPLENDID EXAMPLES OF PLUCK
 AND ENDURANCE.

Heroic Bugler Boy.

(From "The Daily Telegraph.")

Some thrilling stories were told by
 wounded British soldiers, who reached
 London yesterday, (Aug. 31) of the fighting
 round Mons and other places. Al-
 though related with all the modesty of
 the expert of our gallant troops, they,
 nevertheless, disclose a tale of extra-
 ordinary pluck and endurance against
 tremendous odds. All the men appear
 to be desperately anxious to recover
 quickly in order to resume their places
 in the fighting line.

Among the titans of the Royal Her-
 bert, the 1st Battalion, West Yorks, is a
 younger boy of not more than 16 or 17
 years, who has been terribly brave. As
 he was taken to the ambulance at
 Will Hall station it was noticed that
 the little chap had his left arm off and
 his head and both legs swathed in band-
 ages. One of the soldiers said, "He
 is a little hero, and deserves a dozen
 medals." The little fellow stuck it till
 he had four bullet wounds in him before
 he left off scolding his bugle. He
 still carried the bugle in his uninjured
 hand as he was lifted into the ambu-
 lance.

GUNNER'S NARRATIVE.

A non-commissioned officer of the
 Royal Field Artillery, invaded home
 with shrapnel wounds in the thigh, from
 which he hopes soon to recover, has
 given a vivid description of his experi-
 ences at the front after passing north of
 Amiens.

"Pushing forward from our rest camp,
 covering from twenty to thirty miles a
 day, with the infantry marching in front
 and cavalry protecting us on either
 flank," he says, "we received informa-
 tion that we were within a few hours'
 march of the enemy. Needless to say,
 I put us on the alert. There was no
 fun about us, for we were all anxious
 to have a go at the Germans, about
 whom we had heard such tales of
 cruelty, that it made our blood run cold."

"Our orders were to lead with ease
 shot, for fear of cavalry attack, as
 shrapnel is of little use against mounted
 troops. The only way soon obeyed,
 and after passing the day on the road
 we moved across country north of—"

where the infantry took up a strong
 position. We saw the French troops
 on our right as we moved up to gun
 positions which our battery commanders
 had selected in advance. It was Sunday
 morning when the attack came, and the
 sun had already lit up the beautiful
 country, and as I looked across at the
 villages which lay below in the valley
 with their silent bellies I thought of
 my home on the Cotswolds and of the
 little ringing for morning service. I pic-
 tured dad and my sister Nell going to
 church.

"It was, however, no time for sentiment,
 for gallopers soon brought the
 news that the enemy was advancing,
 and that a cavalry attack might be expected
 at any moment. Infantry had extruded
 themselves along our front, and there
 was a strong body posted on our flank
 and rear. These became engaged first
 with a large body of Uhlans, who en-
 deavoured to take them by surprise, the
 front rank rushing forward with the
 lance and the rear rank using the sword."

AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

(for account of the concerned),
 on **MONDAY,**
 the 26th October, 1914, at 11 a.m.,
 at No. 6, Peddars Hill,

THE SUNDAY
**HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE
 FURNITURE,**
 &c., &c., &c.

therein contained,
 Including Large Copying Press
 and Milners Safe.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
 Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
 Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 20, 1914. 1110

UHLANS RAVENED.

"We were on slightly higher ground,
 and could see the combat, which ap-
 peared to be going in our favour. Our
 men stuck to their ground and shot and
 bayoneted the Uhlans, who, after two
 minutes' fight, made off, but, sad to say,
 a dreadful fusillade of shrapnel and
 Maxim fire followed immediately, and
 our guns also came under fire. To this
 we readily replied, and must have done
 some execution, especially to the large
 masses of infantry that were advancing
 about a mile away."

"We got a favourable 'bracket' at
 once, so our Major said, and we worked
 our guns for all we were worth, altering
 fuses and the ranging of our guns as the
 Germans came nearer. Shells fell fast
 around us, some ricocheted, and passed
 overhead without bursting, plunging
 the ground up in our rear, but not a few
 exploded, and made many casualties."

"Three of my gun detachment fell with
 shrapnel bullets, but still we kept the
 guns going, the officers giving a hand."
 "At one time we came under the fire
 of the enemy's machine guns, but two
 of our 18-pounders put them out of action
 after a few rounds. The order came to
 length to retire so as to get a more
 favourable position, but our drivers
 failed to bring back all the gun teams,
 only sufficient to horse four of the guns.
 The remainder of the animals had been
 terribly mutilated. These were limbered
 up, the remainder being for a time
 protected by the infantry. The Germans
 and Middlesex were in the shelter
 trenches on our left, and the latter re-
 giment was said at one time to be almost
 overwhelmed, but aid came, and the
 masses of Prussian infantry were bent on
 off."

"Still, there was terrible slaughter
 on both sides, and the dead lay in long
 burrows on the turf. We should have
 lost our guns to the Uhlans if the in-
 fantry had not persevered with the rifle,
 picking off the cavalry at 800 yards."

"It was grand shooting. In the
 afternoon we slackened fire, as also did
 the Germans; in fact, we did but little
 of our new gun positions, as we were
 destined to cover the retreat of the in-
 fantry later on."

OFFICER'S BRAVERY.

"As the wounded were brought to
 the rear we heard of the deeds of
 heroism from the men of the Royal
 Army Medical Corps in the fighting line—
 a private who stood over the body of
 a private who had previously saved his
 life until he had spent his last shot
 from his revolver, and then fell seriously
 wounded, to be attended the next morning
 by a burly sergeant who plunged his
 bayonet into the Prussian."

In the ranks of the South Lancashire
 Regiment, from what has been heard,
 many deserve the Distinguished
 Conduct Medal. If not the V.C., for the
 manner in which they charged masses
 of German infantry through the village
 of our front. Uhlans got round behind
 them, but they did not flinch, although
 serious gaps were made in their ranks."

"A non-commissioned officer of the
 medicals related how he saw a party of
 Fusiliers rush to the aid of their maxim
 gun party when Uhlans swept down on
 them from behind a wood. They ac-
 counted for over twenty and lost but
 one man."

"At night," he said, "we were or-
 dered to move on again, and we marched
 south-west in the direction of—, cover-
 ing twenty miles in the darkness. Our
 unhorsed guns were got through by split-
 ting up our teams, and with the help of
 the brave arms of the infantry."

"The enemy were aware of our re-
 treat, and kept up an incessant fire,
 bringing searchlights in the aid of their
 gunners. The moon slightly favoured
 us, and, with the help of local guides,
 we found our way. I heard of the bril-
 liant work performed by our battalions,
 who kept the enemy at bay whilst we
 withdrew all our vehicles, and we gun-

ners felt proud of them. They kept the
 enemy busy by count-attack, and made
 it impossible to get round us."

"Next morning the enemy were again
 in the field endeavouring to force our
 left flank. Field-Marshal Sir John
 French, whom we saw early in the day,
 was, however, equal to the occasion, and
 so manoeuvred his troops that we occu-
 pied a position from which the Germans
 could not dislodge us. The artillery
 kept up long-range fire, and that is how
 I received my wound. Within a few
 minutes this aid was rendered, and I
 was put in an ambulance and taken off
 with other wounded to a field hospital,
 where I met with every attention."

Asked how he fared for food, the gal-
 lant soldier said that he had fresh bread
 up to the day before the battle, and meat
 fairly regularly. "Bully" was plentiful,
 and at times they got fruit.

AVANCEMENT OF MEN.
 About 120 wounded officers and men
 of the 1st Regiment arrived in Belfast
 early this morning, having been conveyed
 direct from the Continent. They were
 brought here to be near their friends; for
 the men had been in Elster for a long
 time before leaving for the front, being
 stationed in Belfast and later in Lon-
 donberry. They sailed from this city
 for the theatre of war on Aug. 14, to
 the number of 900. "It was remarkable
 to note the number of them who were
 injured in the legs and feet. All were
 conveyed to the hospital at the Victoria
 Military Barracks. The men were glad
 to see Belfast again, but those to whom
 I spoke were bitterly disappointed if
 they do not get another opportunity for
 paying off their score against the Ger-
 mans."

One of the soldiers told me a plain,
 straightforward story, without any em-
 bellishments. What made his tale
 doubly interesting was the fact that he
 spoke with the experience of a veteran,
 having gone through the South African
 War.

"Where the Germans had the advan-
 tage," he said, "was in the apparently
 endless number of reserves they had.
 No sooner did we dispose of one regiment
 than the Germans sent back another
 regiment took its place. It just put me
 in mind of the Niagara Falls—the ter-
 rible rush threatening to carry everything
 before it."

"No force on earth could have with-
 stood that catarrh, and the fact that our
 men only fell back a little was the best
 proof of their strength. At one stage
 there were, I am sure, six Germans to
 one of us. Yet we held our ground, and
 would still have held it but for the fact
 that after we had dealt with the men
 before us another force came on, using
 the bodies of their dead comrades as a
 carpet."

SOUTH AFRICA A PICTURE.

"The South African War was a picnic
 compared with this, and on the way
 home I now and again recalled with
 horror as I thought of the awful specta-
 cle which was witnessed before we left
 the front of piled-up bodies of the Ger-
 man dead. We lost heavily, but the
 German casualties must have been ap-
 palling."

"You must remember that for almost
 twenty-four hours we bore the brunt of
 the attack, and the desperate fury with
 which the Germans fought showed that
 they believed if they were only once
 past the British forces the rest would
 be easy. Not only so, but I am sure we
 had the finest troops in the German
 army against us."

"On the way out I had heard some
 slighting comments passed on the Ger-
 man troops, and no doubt some of them
 are not worth much, but those thrown
 at us were very few specimens indeed.
 I do not think they could have been
 better in that respect."

I also interviewed a member of the
 crew of the vessel which brought the
 back. He told me from what he had
 heard on the voyage that the men's ex-
 perience was a very trying one, but in
 the midst of desperate fighting many
 deeds of supreme valour were performed
 by our troops. What surprised the
 British was the enormous number of the
 Germans, who seemed to spring up from
 nowhere in astonishing volumes."

FIGHTING FOR 72 HOURS.

A corporal of the North Lancashire
 Regiment, describing his experiences at
 Mons a week last Sunday, said: "We
 never had any idea where we were going
 from the moment we landed. We had
 a royal time with the French people, but
 after we left them we had no more idea
 of our destination than we had at the
 kick-off."

"We were marching hour after hour,
 and what we had to carry was enough
 to kill an ordinary man. Fancy doing
 thirty or forty miles with 90lb on your
 back! When we got near Mons the Ger-
 mans were nearer than we expected.
 They must have been waiting for us.
 We had little time to make out-
 crochments and had to do the digging, lying
 on our stomachs. Only about 800 of the
 thousands I was with got properly en-
 trenchments."

"The Germans shelled us heavily, and
 I got a splinter in the leg. It is nearly
 right now, and I hope soon to go back
 again. We lost fairly heavily, nearly
 all from artillery fire. Altogether I was
 fighting for seventy-two hours before I
 was hit. The German forces appeared
 to be never-ending. They were round
 about us like a swarm of bees, and as
 fast as one man fell it seemed there were
 more."

IT NEVER FAILS.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic, Cholera and
 Diarrhoea Remedy is all its name
 implies. It cures diarrhoea and dysentery
 in either children or adults, and the most
 violent cases of cramp, colic or pain in the
 stomach, give way to a few doses of this
 medicine. Safe, sure, always cures. For
 sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

By Appointment to H.M. THE KING.
FIRE ENGINE MAKERS.
MERRYWEATHER'S
 Best Quality
CANVAS HOSE PIPES
 Two Brands of World-wide Repute:
"DUB-SUB" and "EXTRA DUB-SUB"
 Lined with Best Para Rubber when required.
 Write for "Hints on Hose" and quotations—
MERRYWEATHER & SONS, Ltd., Greenwich, London, S.E.

"THE TRUTH ABOUT GERMANY."

The following striking article is from
 the "New York Times" of Sept. 7.—
 Some of the chief men of the Empire
 have put forth a book that is professedly
 written as the appeal of Germany for
 the sympathy and support of the people
 of the United States. Among the au-
 thors of the volume are a former Chan-
 cellor, a Field Marshal, a President of the
 Reichstag, several university pro-
 fessors, prominent men of business and
 finance, and some are of princely titles.
 A case that enlisted plaudits of this high
 distinction must in truth need buttress-
 ing, and it is an occasion for regret that
 they have not been able to make a better
 defence. The blame does not rest with
 them. No voice or pen, however elo-
 quent or gifted, can convince an impartial
 world of the justice of Germany's cause
 or change the rooted belief of right-
 thinking men that she is biding for
 some day that will retard the
 advance of civilization and make the
 power, the prosperity, and the happiness
 of the nations less secure.

These men of Germany ask us to give
 heed to the lies of their enemies. In
 this land of enlightenment public opinion
 does not take form on anybody's lies.
 We keep no mind of perversions sent out
 from London or Paris. We have sought
 truth in its unadorned sources, in the
 British White Paper and in the Memorandum
 of the German Foreign Office, in the
 observed and acknowledged policies
 of the combative nations, and in the
 utterances of their men of authority.
 The Princes and professors who pay us
 the compliment of this appeal to our
 candid judgment will not impeach the
 testimony of their Foreign Office, we
 suppose, yet if there was suspension of
 judgment in the first weeks of the war,
 doubt vanished and full conviction came
 when "The Times" published the official
 documents and records. The Ameri-
 can people there read of the untiring
 efforts of Sir Edward Grey to reach a
 peaceful adjustment through a conference
 of the Powers, of his appeals to which
 France, Russia, and Italy gave immedi-
 ately assenting response, which Germany
 alone met with evasion, excuse, disavowal,
 and refusal. From Germany's Memorandum
 they learn that the Kaiser's Govern-
 ment had from the first sustained and
 encouraged Austria in a policy of war
 and had denied the rights of any other
 Power to stand between her and the Ser-
 bian objects of her wrath. It is wholly
 futile, it is an affront to our intelligence,
 for these German supplicants for our
 favour to tell us now that Russia and
 England brought on the war, that Ger-
 many did not choose the path of peace,
 that the sword was forced into the hands
 of the German Emperor.

Nor can our favour or sympathy be
 won by misrepresenting the motives of
 England, France, and Russia. In the
 face of Sir Edward Grey's labour for
 peace why tell us that England "en-
 couraged this war" because she was de-
 termined to check the commercial growth
 of Germany? Why tell us that the war
 was "provoked by Russia because of an
 outrageous desire for revenge"? We
 have knowledge of the fact, the proofs
 are before us, yet these German advo-
 cates talk to us as though we had just
 arrived from the moon. We are un-
 moved by their picture of the Slav peril.
 Why is it that Germany fears the Slav?
 England is not afraid, France has no
 fear, Italy, Belgium, Holland are all un-
 disturbed. We should like to see a
 satisfactory answer to the question why,
 when all the rest of Europe is calm, Ger-
 many stands in terror of the Slav. The
 authors of this book make a wretched
 defence of Germany's crime against in-
 ternational morality and her invasion of
 neutral Belgium. "In our place the
 Government of the United States would
 not have acted differently." Speak for
 yourselves, gentlemen! Our recent re-
 sponse of a statute that was by a great
 part of our people deemed to be in con-
 flict with one of our treaties speaks for
 us.

But it is not upon these present things
 that our minds chiefly dwell; we are
 taking thoughts of the future. We are
 a great nation. We do not become less
 great through over-slaughtering or dimi-
 nishment at the hands of a European
 military Power that for years has men-
 aced the peace of the nations by her
 schemes of aggrandisement. We have
 possessions in many quarters of the globe
 and commercial interests in all. This
 appeal for our sympathy and moral sup-
 port comes with ill-grace from the sub-
 jects of an imperial ruler whose ambition
 it is to lift Germany to the position of

dominant supremacy. We cannot look with
 sympathy upon the effort of
 this great military chieftain to crush the
 peacefully inclined nations that refuse
 to bow to his will. The German ambi-
 tion becomes a matter of serious concern
 to us; it is alarming, for it is certain at
 last that with Russia beaten back, Eng-
 land and France crushed, and Belgium
 and Holland at least, the coming of some
 cause of conflict with ourselves would
 not be long delayed. We cannot be ex-
 pected to welcome the compulsion to
 spend our substance in a race with Ger-
 many for military supremacy.

Uhlans, by inexperience and training
 we give our sympathy to those who are
 fighting in the cause of human liberty,
 we withhold it from those who bear
 the symbols and standards we shed our
 blood to cast out from this land. Our
 forefathers prostrated themselves in the
 dust before their Maker but they set
 their foot upon the neck of the King.
 We have no liking for power that asks
 no sanction of the people. Almost a
 century and a half ago we made an end
 here of that abomination before the Lord
 —at least we felt it to be an abomina-
 tion—and we are not greatly impressed
 by blasphemous imperial invocations, of
 divine favour upon bloody enterprises.

These gentlemen of Germany plead
 in vain. We can give them no help.
 To quote their own words, "the country
 of George Washington and Abraham Lin-
 coln places itself upon the side of a just
 cause and one worthy of humanity's
 blessing."

LOSING WEIGHT
 BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition
 of ill-health, shows your assim-
 ilative powers are decreasing.

**METABOLIZED
 COD LIVER OIL
 COMPOUND**

Supply the blood with the
 wanted nourishment and healthy
 flesh building materials. Very
 palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Prices: \$1.25 and \$2.25.

By Appointment to H.M. THE KING.
FIRE ENGINE MAKERS.
MERRYWEATHER'S
 Best Quality
CANVAS HOSE PIPES
 Two Brands of World-wide Repute:
"DUB-SUB" and "EXTRA DUB-SUB"
 Lined with Best Para Rubber when required.
 Write for "Hints on Hose" and quotations—
MERRYWEATHER & SONS, Ltd., Greenwich, London, S.E.

THE TRUTH ABOUT GERMANY.
 The following striking article is from
 the "New York Times" of Sept. 7.—
 Some of the chief men of the Empire
 have put forth a book that is professedly
 written as the appeal of Germany for
 the sympathy and support of the people
 of the United States. Among the au-
 thors of the volume are a former Chan-
 cellor, a Field Marshal, a President of the
 Reichstag, several university pro-
 fessors, prominent men of business and
 finance, and some are of princely titles.
 A case that enlisted plaudits of this high
 distinction must in truth need buttress-
 ing, and it is an occasion for regret that
 they have not been able to make a better
 defence. The blame does not rest with
 them. No voice or pen, however elo-
 quent or gifted, can convince an impartial
 world of the justice of Germany's cause
 or change the rooted belief of right-
 thinking men that she is biding for
 some day that will retard the
 advance of civilization and make the
 power, the prosperity, and the happiness
 of the nations less secure.

VISITOR AT HOTELS

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Mr. R. S. Abraham	Mr. J. H. Lamb
-------------------	----------------

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 72 YEARS

CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS & PERFUMERS,

BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

WATSON'S
EFFERVESCENT LIVER SALT.

This Valuable Preparation speedily relieves Biliousness, Sick-headache and all derangements of the Stomach. It purifies the Blood by imparting the natural saline elements necessary to a healthy and vigorous condition.

WATSON'S

CELEBRATED

COLO CURE TABLETS.

Give immediate relief and a speedy cure. Invaluable for Cold in the head, Influenza and Neuralgia.

W.M.
Powell

Limited.

PHONE 348

MILLINERY

AUTUMN WEAR

CHARMING MODELS.

(Millinery Trimmings, Mounts)

Flowers etc. in great variety

Everything New

W.M. Powell, Ltd.

THE DIARY.

MEMO. FOR TO-DAY:

At the Victoria Theatre: Mr. Douglas as "Napoleon," and the film "The Duchess of the Folies".

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW:

Queen of Spain's birthday (1897).
10 a.m.—Italian Concert "Bazaar."
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

General Memoranda:

SUNDAY, October 25—
8 a.m.—Excursion to Macao.

MONDAY, October 26—
The Great Duncans at the Victoria Theatre.

WEDNESDAY, October 28—
8.30 p.m.—Lecture by Rev. J. K. Macdonald at Union Church Guild.

FRIDAY, October 30—
8.15 p.m.—Organ Recital at St. John's Cathedral, in aid of Prince of Wales Fund.

SATURDAY, October 31—
Ministering Children's League Bazaar.
Noon—Hongkong Jockey Club Meeting.

WEDNESDAY, November 4—
Licensing Sessions.

SATURDAY, November 7—
8.15 p.m.—"The Blue Bird" at the Theatre Royal.

THURSDAY, Nov. 10—
8.15 p.m.—"The Blue Bird" at the Theatre Royal.

THE EDWARD DISPENSARY,
C. KAMMING & Co., Ltd.
Chemists and Druggists.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN
PRICES.

PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY
DISPENSED.

Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, &c.

2A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

Flourished, July 23, 1914.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

We were notified this morning that S.M.S. Whiting was carrying out gun practice South of Lampong Island from about 10 a.m. onwards to day.

The application made to the Chief Justice yesterday for the adjournment of the local branch of A. M. Eschschay and Co. as a bankrupt was granted.

A good portrait of Sir John French, similar to that which we issued with our weekly edition to-day, will be circulated as a supplement in to-morrow's issue of the "China Mail."

The Supreme Court of China has sentenced a local magistrate named Wong Je-ching to death for receiving bribes, and two of his subordinates have been sentenced to banishment for ten and five years respectively.

The Shanghai tram car service will shortly be extended by the introduction of railless electric cars. Seven of these have arrived from England, where they were constructed by the Railless Electric Traction Co., and are now being made ready for use.

Defers Mr. Wood at the Police Court this morning, a Chinese was charged with having in his possession six pots of Government opium, found at Kowloon Station concealed in the false bottom of a basket. Defendant had purchased a ticket for Shek Lam. He was fined \$200 or three months imprisonment.

As the Hongkong University scheme of Local Examinations makes no provision for the examination of Preliminaries, the Committee of the Oxford Local Examinations has decided to arrange for an examination of candidates in any section, here in July 1915. Applications should be made to the Hon. Sec. the Rev. C. H. Hickling, 33 Robinson Road.

STRANGE INCIDENT AT
FOKKULAM.

Before Mr. Wood at the Police Magistrate's Court this afternoon, a Chinese named Lo Kwan was charged with removing a dead body without a permit and with having it in an unauthorised place at Fokkulam.

Mr. Fletcher Smith defended. A Chinese couple said that the man died in the quarters he occupied from an illness lasting three days. The body was taken out and buried according to the instructions of the defendant.

Inspector P. O'Sullivan said an informant told an Indian constable that there was a dead body at some coolie quarters at Fokkulam, but when the constable got there the body had gone. The police made inquiries and found that the body had been buried on the hillside. The case was remanded until Monday afternoon.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER
RESERVES.

Orders by Major Wakeman, O.C.H.K.V.R.

An instruction camp will be held at Stonecutters Island from Saturday the 31st instant to Monday the 6th prox.

The principal object of the camp will be instruction in musketry. Men will be divided into groups for musketry, and a time table will be drawn up giving the days on which the various groups can attend on the Range.

All ranks will be required to attend on one or other of the parade set apart for the various practices to be carried out by the groups to which they are allotted.

On week days the firing will take place in the early morning. Lunches will be served in the mess hall, and return each evening; times at which launches will run to be announced later.

Nov. 1, 2 and 3 Companies will parade on the Cricket ground at 3 p.m. on Tuesday the 27th and Thursday the 29th instant. Men will parade in groups for musketry training.

All Officers and N.C.O.s will attend a musketry class on Monday the 26th, Wednesday the 28th and Friday the 30th instant at 6.15 p.m. on the Cricket ground. Musketry practice will be held on Saturday the 24th and Sunday the 25th instants as ordered.

THE FLYING MEN.

A War Story.

Orders had been received at But that an "excursion" of aeroplanes should leave immediately under sealed orders. It was not the kind of day on which one would like to go aloft. A bit of rain was blowing up from the south-west, bringing with it an occasional downpour of rain, which was all-sufficing for a military biplane was waiting the propeller for a preliminary test of the motor he slipped on the sodden ground, and only by extreme agility saved himself from being decapitated by the propeller. When they pulled him out his hand was covered with blood. It was obvious that he could not leave with the aeroplanes.

They looked round for a substitute. The only man available was a young reservist, a typical mechanic from a motor-car factory, but with very little experience of aerial navigation.

"Well, we must take him," said the lieutenant to his injured aviator. "Although I'm afraid he will be worse than useless when he gets up into that gallop. You just tell him a little, and try to save his corns, if you can."

"Ten minutes later they were ready to go."

"Did you give some good advice to the new man?" inquired the lieutenant.

"Yes, non lieutenant, he's all right. I received his courage up."

"What did you say to him?"

"I told him to see that nobody 'pinched' our tools when you came down for petrol."

THE HOTEL SHOOTING
CASE.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Before Mr. Melbourne at the Magistrate's Court this morning, the hearing was resumed in the charge against Ernest Magnus Almborg, an engineer employed at the Swedish Trading Company, Hongkong, with maliciously wounding and causing grievous bodily harm to Signalman Barry by shooting him with a revolver, and with having in his possession a revolver and ten rounds of ammunition without the necessary permit.

Mr. King, Assistant Superintendent of Police, prosecuted and Mr. Lewis, of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Martin represented the defendant.

Leung Hing, No. 1 room boy at the King Edward Hotel Annex, said the defendant occupied Room 19. On Oct. 5th he saw defendant about 2 p.m. at his room. Two sailors were in the room with him. Later on he saw a sailor lying in the passage between the Rooms 17 and 18. He could not recognise the sailor. When he (witness) heard the row he went down stairs and reported it to the European in charge of the public bar.

Mr. Sayer, formerly Assistant Superintendent of Police, said that he saw defendant at the Central Police Station. A revolver was handed to witness that afternoon. It was loaded in three chambers. He cautioned the defendant at 3.30 p.m., and a statement was taken from him.

Mr. Lewis said he did not know if that was regular. The man was not charged, and he made a statement at a time when he was very drunk.

Witness said defendant was cautioned. Mr. Lewis said he objected to the whole of witness's evidence. His client did not remember ever seeing Mr. Sayer.

Witness, replying to Mr. King, said that defendant was not sober when he made his statement, but he was very well able to understand what was said.

Mr. Lewis said the defendant was very, very much under the influence of liquor. Witness: I should say not.

Mr. Lewis: Then your evidence is different to everybody else's concerned in the case. Possibly.

He was sitting in a chair?—Yes. He was rolling from side to side. No. He was able to sit up and take notice?

Yes. Do you think it is a proper thing for a police officer to take a statement from a man in that condition?—I have already given evidence as to his condition.

What time was the statement taken?—Immediately after he was brought to the station.

Luai Kau, employed at the King Edward Hotel, said at 1.30 p.m. on Oct. 5th the defendant brought in two sailors. Defendant asked witness to unlock two bottles and he did so. Half an hour later he saw one of the sailors lying unconscious in the passage. The other sailor was still in Almborg's room. Afterwards Almborg went down the stairs and he saw the other sailor holding a revolver. The latter assisted the sailor in the passage to his feet.

Witness said he heard two reports from a gun but he did not go into the room. The report took place before the men left the room. One of the men was wearing only their singlets.

Cross-examined witness said defendant ran down the stairs as though he were frightened.

Capt. O'Connell said he was in the Alexandra Buildings when the police, which he saw, went down "the" door. He saw a crowd near the Hongkong Hotel. The two sailors were in the middle of the crowd. "Pretty drunk," he searched Almborg and found a gold watch, a tin of tobacco and a bunch of keys. He sent Almborg to the Police Station and Barry for medical aid. Witness saw defendant in the King Edward Hotel. His face was covered with blood, witness also went to defendant's room which he found in a state of great disorder.

Sergeant Wait of the Reserve Department testified that he heard an alarm in Des Voeux Road. He afterwards went to the King Edward Hotel where the defendant was pointed out as the man concerned in a shooting affair. He took defendant to the Police Station.

Chief Detective Inspector Morrison said he also visited the defendant's room in the Hotel Annex and found on the floor two shells near the entrance to the room. On the inside he found two bullets. Almborg was a Chinese of about 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, dark hair, brown eyes, and a mustache. He was found two bullet-holes on the wall.

Witness put in the statement made by the prisoner a day later as follows:—"I didn't know these two gentlemen before they came into my room. One of them hit me on the nose and made it bleed. One of them twisted my hand and the ring on my little finger came loose. My body shows many marks. I might have thought they were going to finish me. I was staggered by my desk and took out my revolver. I told the men to go out from the room. One of them got hold of a chair and to scare them I fired. I don't know if I struck them or not. It was not my intention to harm them, only to scare them. I threw the revolver on the desk and ran out—passing them on my way to the bar."

In a second statement defendant said the revolver belonged to him and that he got it in 1904 or 1905 from a friend at Messrs. A. S. Watson and Co.

Witness said he believed the defendant was in Canton. The object of the Legislature in the Arms Ordinance was to prevent Chinese from importing arms into China. Quite a number of persons in the Colony did not even require to have a license from the Captain Superintendent of Police and it would not be very difficult for any European to secure a license. And so the charge of possession was quite a trivial one.

With regard to the other charge nobody regretted more than his client what had happened. Whether the shot was fired by him or by some one else or whatever happened he very much regretted it. The Magistrate had to be satisfied that defendant did wilfully fire the revolver with intent to cause grievous bodily harm. He was satisfied beyond the shadow of a doubt that the shot was fired by defendant. Assuming for the moment that the Magistrate found that he had to be satisfied that the shot was fired with intent to wound or cause grievous bodily harm. From the evidence apart from the statement of the defendant himself there was not a shred of evidence on which he could rely, that the shot was fired by the defendant or that he had any thing to do with it. The two men had given their evidence quite frankly and had admitted that they did not very well remember all that happened. They

COMPANY REPORT.

THE CHINA LIGHT & POWER
COMPANY, LTD.

The report for presentation to the shareholders at the thirteenth ordinary general meeting of this company states:

Annexed we have the pleasure to lay before shareholders a statement of accounts for the year ending 31st July, 1914.

The net profits for the year, including the sum of \$13,420.10 brought forward and less \$13,000, depreciation on machinery and lines as authorised at last meeting, is \$23,038.24. This is an increase of \$1,062.50 on the net profit of the previous year, but it is still not sufficient to warrant a dividend.

It is recommended that \$15,000 be written off the value of machinery, and \$10,000 of the value of lines, and that the balance \$8,038.24 be carried forward to next year's account.

Consolidating Committee—Mr. H. P. White resigned on leaving the Colony and Mr. G. W. Barton was invited to take his place on the Consolidating Committee. In accordance with the Articles of Association Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., and Mr. G. W. Barton retire but offer themselves for re-election.

Auditors.—The accounts have been audited by Messrs. A. O'D. Gordin and F. Mainland, the latter acting in place of Mr. W. H. F. Potts. Messrs. A. O'D. Gordin and F. Mainland are recommended for re-election.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.
General Managers.STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT FOR THE 12
MONTHS ENDING 31ST JULY, 1914.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

Auditors' fees	\$ 300.00
Consolidating Committee's fee	750.00
Exchange (Loss on subsidiary)	740.89
Charges	1,375.04
Balance	25,038.24
	\$25,124.17

Balance brought forward from last year's account	\$ 18,429.10
Less Depreciations authorised at annual meeting of 18th October, 1913	15,800.00
	3,429.10

Interest	656.90
Balance from Working Account	24,038.08
	\$ 25,124.17

BALANCE SHEET.

Capital—	
50,000 Shares at \$5.00 each fully paid up	\$500,000.00
50,000 Special Shares at \$1.00 each fully paid up	50,000.00
	\$550,000.00

Sundry Creditors	10,365.09
Balance of Profit and Loss	25,038.24
Account	\$353,363.33

Kowloon—	
Land as per last Statement	\$30,360.00
Buildings and Machinery as per last statement	\$12,118.69
Less Depreciation on Machinery	10,000.00
	17,118.69
Since expended	12,878.09
	184,994.78

Lines as per last statement	51,968.18
Less Depreciation	5,000.00
	46,968.18
Since expended	9,537.41
	56,505.59

Furniture	1,347.44
Materials, Stores and Fuel in stock valued at	32,086.99
Value of premia on unexpired policies	216.76
Sundry Debtors	17,924.71
Cash on hand	871.81
Kowloon	491.91
Co's Bankers	5,539.34
Deposits with Colonists' Treasurer	5,000.00
	\$11,903.06
	\$353,363.33

C. P. CHATER, Members of Consulting G. W. BARTON, Committee.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., General Managers.

recollections were absolutely hazy. Blandford never heard that shot fired and evidence pointed to the fact that he was asleep in the passage. With all respect to Mr. Sayer, Mr. Lewis did not think it was the proper thing to go to take a statement from a man who was obviously drunk and whom the witnesses said was "extremely drunk" at 2.45 p.m. Mr. Sayer took a statement directly afterwards and Inspector Morrison took a statement a day later and those statements did not tally. And quite naturally they did not tally, because the defendant's recollection of what happened was as hazy as that of the complainant and his friend. The complainant told the Court that they were all drunk and the defendant was drunker still as he had a start on them. In the first statement defendant said he fired at the ground and on the following day he said he fired and did not know whether it struck them or not. It was certainly up to a point all were very friendly. Then something happened, what exactly happened it was impossible to know, and they never would know. A shot was fired and unfortunately a man was hit and seriously injured. His injuries were not serious. One of the women said the defendant took up a chair apparently to "brain" him. It was possible it was not so; but if so, it was possible defendant was justified in taking out his revolver in self-defence. The whole thing was a very unfortunate incident.

Mr. Lewis announced that a sum of money had been placed with the Com-mo-dore which would be handed over to Barry directly the case was finished to compensate somewhat for the pain he had suffered as a result of a drunken brawl in the defendant's room.

Mr. Melbourne reserved his decision until Monday at 10.30 a.m.

PRINCE OF WALES
FUND.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST No. 4.

Mr. W. H. Ford	\$100
Mr. P. E. F. Stone, 1st sub.	25
Messrs. W. G. Humphreys and Co.	1,000
H.T.L. as "Kusang"	35
Mr. L. G. Bird	25
Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C.	250
2nd sub. "City of Henderson"	75
Mr. P. T. T. T. T.	100
E.D.I.S.	30
Mr. A. O. Brown	120
Mr. D. Sutherland	100
Mr. C. W. Jeffries	10
Mr. Wan Sui Ngan	3
Mr. Lam Kai Tsung	3
Mr. Tsai Tak Chi	3
Mr. Leung Sui Sang	3
Mr. Li Tsung Shing	1
Mr. Chan An Fong	1
Mr. J. Doyle	10
Mr. Pithie	5
Mr. Vicente Alenza	25
Mr. W. J. T. T. T.	100
Mr. H. Green	10
Botanical and Forestry Department Staff	26.25
Proceeds of a dinner given at Grand Hotel, including \$33.50 collected by Miss Reichmann (3 years' old) from the sale of Postcard with photo of H.R.H. Prince of Wales, per F. Reichmann	250.08
Mr. E. Carpmal	50
Collected by Mrs. Taggar	1,020
Messrs. Joseph Bros.	250
Mr. Robert Douglas, 1st sub.	50
Messrs. Sassoon Gubbay and Howard, 2nd sub.	250
Green Island Cement Co., Ltd.	1,000
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	1,000
China Provident Loan and Mortgage Co., Ltd.	1,000
China Light and Power Co., Ltd.	500
Canton Land Co., Ltd.	100
Office Boys, Messrs. Shevan, Tomes and Co.	35
Mr. C. Klineck	100
Mr. W. Gardner	50
Mr. A. Edwards	50
Mr. P. Navier	20
Fumigating and Disinfecting Bureau, Ltd.	100
The Bank Line, Ltd.	500
Mr. R. D. Stewart	150
Dr. C. M. Henley	50
Receipts from Theatrical performance at the Ko Shing Theatre	1,009.12
Mr. Chiu Tat Chuen	100
Mr. Wong Yu Tung	100
Mr. Ho Ngok Lau	100
Mr. Young Hee	100
Dr. Wan Man Kai	50
Mr. Den Wong Tiao	50
Mr. Chan Wan San	50
Mr. Pun Kai Son	25
Messrs. To Yuan	25
Mr. Fung Li Hing	25
Mr. To To Sin Kun	25
Messrs. Man Yu Tai	20
Mr. Mak Tsung Shing	20
Mr. Tadpole Ah Chee	15
Mr. Leung Wing Cheung	10
Dr. M. H. Chau	10
Mr. Lok To To	5
Messrs. Yu Hang Cheong	5
Mr. Ho Tuo Wan	5
Mr. Ngan Luk	200
Mr. Chan Pak Pang	100
Mr. Hung Yik Chi	50
Mr. Sun Tak Loong	50
Mr. Wong Ping Shan	30
Mr. Leung Li Chi	30
Mr. Yu Chik Hing	30
Messrs. Hung Cheong	30
Mr. Wong Kam Ying	5
Mr. Hun Tai Pawa Shop	5
Mr. Shing Yuen	5
Mr. Sui Cheong	5
Mr. Xue Tai	5
Yau Tai Pawa Shop	100
Mr. Tong Kien Cho	10
Messrs. Li Wo Shop	10
Messrs. Tung Hing Long	5
Mr. Ma Hai Ching	5
Mr. Sia Hing Shop	5
Yau Hing Pawa Shop	5
Tak Loong Pawa Shop	5
Tak On Pawa Shop	5
Mr. Chan Hing Lam Tong	5
Mr. Kwong Cheong Loong	5
Sui Pung Pawa Shop	5
Wing Yik Pawa Shop	5
Tai Tak Pawa Shop	5
Kung Sun Pawa Shop	5
On Lee Pawa Shop	5
Man Wo Loong Shop	3
Liang Yik Shop	3
Kwong Yung Mow Shop	3
Kwong Pak Shop	3
Collected in Sai Ying-Pun by Messrs. Tung Wai Ting, Chan K. Mak H. etc.	1,751.05
Mr. Daniel Jaffo	175
Mr. L. G. Bird	25
Hongkong Hotel Co., Ltd.	500

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

HEAVY NAVAL GUNS AT-TACKING TSINGTAU.

LATEST NEWS FROM FRANCE

INDIA'S CONDITION "ENTIRELY SATISFACTORY."

THE SIEGE OF TSINGTAU.

Big Guns Engaged.

Mr. S. Imai, the Consul General for Japan, kindly informs us that he has been officially informed that the Japanese navy are using their big guns in the attack on Tsingtau.

On the Watch at Hawaii.

A detachment of the Japanese Fleet is on the watch for the enemy in the neighbourhood of Hawaii.

CONDITION OF INDIA "ENTIRELY SATISFACTORY."

H. E. the General Officer Commanding the Forces (Major-General Kelly, C.B.) has received the following telegram from Simla, dated Oct. 22, 4.30 p.m.—
"The situation in India remains entirely satisfactory."—Chief of the General Staff.

THE FIGHTING ON THE BELGIAN COAST.

The German Coast.

Several correspondents mention that British warships are participating with the Allies in the fighting on the Belgian coast.

A Dunkirk paper reports that the Allies have seized Bruges. This statement, like the report of the recapture of Ostend, is unconfirmed, but it seems certain that the Germans are having the worst of matters.

The correspondent of a London paper, who spent five days with the Germans at Ghent, confirms the report that they have been pouring in reinforcements to the coast, boasting that the preparations are for an attack on England.

DESPATCHES FROM BRITISH ADMIRALS.

London, Oct. 22, 5.10 p.m.

Despatches from various Admirals of the Fleet issued to-night deal mainly with the Heligoland engagement.

Many officers and men are mentioned for gallant conduct and interesting details are given of the fight, it being stated that the smoothness of the sea made detection of the German submarines easy.

The "Queen Mary" was twice attacked and avoided torpedoes by the use of her helm.

The firing of the "Lion" was very creditable, two salvoes sinking an enemy cruiser.

Commodore Keyes reports that three hours after the outbreak of war two submarines were on reconnaissance duty in Heligoland Bight.

The "Lurche" fired and the eighth submarine flotilla, day and night without relief, protected the transportation of the Expeditionary Force.

His Majesty has awarded honours and medals to twenty-four officers and twenty-four men.

LATEST NEWS FROM FRANCE.

Enemy's Attacks Again Repulsed.

London, Oct. 22, 5.10 p.m.

A Paris communique states: On our Left Wing considerable German attacks continued their attacks, notably around Dixmude, Warneton, Armentieres, Radinghem, La Bassée.

The Allies held their positions.

There have been only isolated attacks in other parts of the Front. All of these were repulsed, particularly at Fricourt, eastward of the Albert plateau, westward of Croonne, and also in the region of Souain in Argonne, at Four de Paris, south west of Verdun in the region of Malancourt, on the Woivre near Champlin and south-west of Saint-Mihiel.

We made slight progress in the Argonne and Southern Woivre in the forest of Montmaré.

BOMBARDMENT OF THE BELGIAN COAST.

Superior Range Of British Guns.

London, Oct. 22, 11.35 p.m.

The Press Bureau announces that the request of the Allies' Commanders, the Admiralty sent a flotilla with long range guns to the Belgian coast, and since the 19th, instant they have constantly bombarded the German Bank. Naval balloons maintain observation and report that substantial losses have been inflicted.

We sustained practically no damage owing to the superior range of our guns.

Admiral Hood is in command of the flotilla.

GERMAN ADVANCED REFUSED AT WARSAW.

London, Oct. 22, 12.45 a.m.

A Paris communique says:—

The Germans who advanced on Warsaw have been forced to make a precipitate retreat, abandoning positions which they had organised for defence, the Russians pursuing them and making numerous prisoners.

BY TELEGRAPH.

BELGIAN ARMY AGAIN DISTINGUISHES ITSELF.

London, Oct. 22, 1 a.m.

The Press Bureau announces that the enemy throughout yesterday made vigorous counter-attacks against the Allied Front but were beaten back, suffering considerable losses. The Belgian Army particularly distinguished itself by its spirited and brave defence of its position.

ENEMY SHIPS IN THE SUEZ CANAL.

London, Oct. 22.

The Official Press Bureau announces that Great Britain has notified the Powers that the Egyptian Government is taking steps to remove enemy ships from the Suez Canal. Such vessels have no right to use the canal as a place of refuge, which practice blocks the canal and renders inconsistent the use of the canal in the ordinary way by other shipping.

SUCCESS OF THE NEW BRITISH MONITORS.

London, Oct. 22, 12.30 a.m.

The Admiralty announces that the Monitors Severn, Humber, and Mersey have been recently engaged in the operations on the Belgian coast, firing at the German right flank. Owing to their light draft they contributed materially to the success of the operations and abundantly justified their acquisition. At the outbreak of the war they landed detachments and machine-guns to assist in the defence of Newport, where they performed meritorious service.

THE STRUGGLE IN FRANCE.

Enemy Being Repulsed.

London, Oct. 22, 12.45 a.m.

A communique issued at Paris 11 p.m. says:—

A violent battle raged throughout the day on our Left from the North Sea to La Bassée, on fronts extending from Dixmude, to Warneton, from Ypres to Menin, and from Warneton to La Bassée, the Allies holding their own everywhere.

A TRIBUTE TO THE BRITISH TOMMIES.

What impressed me above all, writes a Belgian War Correspondent who witnessed the battles of Mons and Cambrai, were the coolness and dash of the British soldier. His utter indifference to danger, and his general air of "Don't care," simply carried me away. At moments of critical danger I have seen him worrying as to when he was to get his cup of tea, from his little, travelling kitchen.

I shall never forget the admirable reply given by an English soldier, wounded in the hand, whom I found sitting by the roadside outside Mons wearing an air of consternation. I began to talk to him and asked him if his wound was hurting him. "It's not that," he said, with a doleful shake of his head, "but I'm blest if I haven't been and lost my pipe in that last charge." I gave him mine and he was instantly comforted.

I asked another what he thought of the Germans and he said: "They are like flies, the more you kill, the more there seem to be." That was the extent of the impressions he had received during that awful fight, and he gave me his answer with a merry laugh showing a glint of very white teeth. "I saw others going under fire with a look all attached to their knapsacks. There is another thing struck me enormously, and that is the humanity of the British soldier when the fighting is done. In battle he is superb. He puts into the fight all his energy, all his indomitable energy, and he deals terrible blows at the enemy. But when the battle is over, his first thought is of humanity. The British do not exult over the enemy's losses. They try to snatch from death as many of their enemies as possible. After the battle, the men with whom they have just crossed blades are no longer enemies. They are, in their eyes, just poor wounded fellows. This solidarity, great-hearted as it is, after hard fighting, will always redound to the honour of the British Army.

LONDON WITHOUT ITS LIGHTS.

Airship Patrol Once Darkened City.

Zepplins Unlikely to Risk a Raid.

London was in comparative darkness last night, says the Daily News of Sept. 11. All the well-known illuminations, public and private, had disappeared, the London County Council transverse crossed the bridge with their blinds drawn, and the lighting of the main streets and squares was the dimmest seen for many years.

The changed appearance of the Metropolis was due to the following notice, by the Committee of Police:—

In order to render more difficult the identification of particular parts of London, it is requested that all lights, sky signs, illuminated facades, and powerful lights of all descriptions used outside for advertising, or for illuminating shop fronts, be dispensed with.

Where the shop front consists of a considerable area of glass brilliantly lit from the inside a reduction of lighting intensity should be effected.

During the next few nights a careful observation of London from the air is to be made by a naval ship. The possibility of a visit to London by a Zeppelin has by no means been overlooked, and the authorities are anxious to find out what spots in the city would be most likely to attract attention from above.

It is now an open secret that on many prominent buildings high-angle guns have been placed as a precaution against the terror by air, and Lowlanders are becoming used to the broad white sweep of the searchlight which scans the sky at night time from the top of Charing Cross station.

Slight Prospect of Airship Attack.

The chance of a successful Zeppelin raid upon London was discussed with a "Daily News" representative by Mr. G. G. Gray, the editor of the "Asp" magazine.

"The prospects of a German airship ever getting over London are slight," he said, "but the prospects of it ever getting back again are practically nil."
"Zeppelins cannot fly at a great altitude—6,000 ft. or 7,000 ft. are their limit. Consequently, our aircraft, which can fly higher and faster than they, would have no difficulty in destroying an invader once it has shown its presence."
"In clear weather I don't think a Zeppelin would attempt a raid. It would certainly be sighted, and it would be unable to rise out of the range of the high-angle guns."

A PATRIOTIC POEM.

The following poem, written by Reginald Arkell, is being recited by Mr. Matheson Lang, the well-known actor, every evening at the Strand Theatre before the performance of the popular play, "Mr. Wu." The poem, neatly printed, is being sold at six pence per copy, and entire proceeds are being handed over to the British Red Cross Society:—

"BUSINESS AS USUAL."

John Bull may be only a shopman, just an average business man,
But out in the wild waste places you will meet with his caravan.

The end of the earth are the counter on which his goods are displayed,
And the seas of the world are the highway by which he carries his trade.

He has mapped the earth to his liking, he has branches everywhere,
And the nations trade at his liking, for they know that his price is fair.

His goods have been manufactured on a strictly genuine plan,
And he sticks to his own had bargains, because he's an Englishman.

Came a pirate, drunk with ambition, a death's head nailed to the prow,
Tearing his own pledged treaties, voiding his word of yore.

Trampling his neighbour's landmarks, burning the peaceful town,
John Bull fingered his rifle, still handing the parcels down.

Till he wrote on his window a message, a message for all to read,
"Business conducted as usual, while alterations proceed!"

Left his Muses and kiddies to carry the business on:
Sailed for the sound of the shouting—
"Good-bye, and God bless you, John!"

There wasn't a crowd at the station to riot and make a fuss,
That may be the way with the others, it isn't the way with us.

Scarcely a word to the Muses, and the Muses was well content,
Not even a line to the Kaiser to tell him the way he went.

Till out of the Northern silence came a message, quiet and cool,
Bringing cheer to the merchants trading in London Pool:

No proud, vainglorious boasting of our glorious destiny,
No "The North Sea clear for shipping! Get back to your boats again!"

Swift through the homes of England the "simple business" statement of an average business man,
An eye to the focus of England, an eye to the routes of Trade,

Running his business as usual, resolute, unafraid,
He has given us a fighting watchword: a message as clear as day.

That we can assist our Country in our particular way,
Still get when the trouble is past,
When the pirate is hanged from his yard-arm and the warships are kennelled at last.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

"GUNBOAT" SMITH KNOCKED OUT.

London, Oct. 21.

At Boston Langford knocked out "Gunboat" Smith in three rounds.

(Wah Tse Yat Po's Service.)

NEW OPEN CITY.

Peking, Oct. 22.

Altai, in Northern Mongolia, will shortly be opened to foreign trade.

MINISTER RESIGNS.

Liewing Tun Yin, Minister for Communications, has resigned.

CHINA UNIVERSITY DONATIONS.

President Yuan Shih Kai has given \$50,000 to forward the University of China scheme, and other donations include \$20,000 from the Vice-President, Li Yuan Hung, and \$10,000 from the Premier, Chiu Shi Chung.

TEA TAX REDUCTION.

The Taxation Department has decided to reduce the tax on tea from November 1st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

A branch of the Sin Wah Savings Bank will be established at Shanghai.

MONGOLIA AND FINANCE.

The Financial Department will establish offices in China as soon as the Mongolian boundary question is settled.

CONSCRIPTION FOR CHINA?

The Advisory Committee is considering a scheme of compulsory military service for the whole of China.

TIENTSIN AMERICAN GUARDS.

Two hundred and forty American soldiers from the Philippines have arrived at Tientsin to relieve the guards there.

WAR NEWS.

Raw gold from the Cape to the value of £750,000 is expected to go to the Bank of England, there being no market offers.

In Lancashire, which has more at stake than any other manufacturing area, not a single voice has been raised against the war.

"We will fight," says a young Belgian officer, "to-morrow and the next day, always, till there is no man of us left alive."

Lord Morley, says a London correspondent, assigned as his reason for resigning that age and infirmity unfit him for the Cabinet in the crisis.

Brandon, Suffolk, with a population of about two thousand, has seventy-five men with the forces.

Germans on a liner diverted from Continental ports to Liverpool cheered loudly when they learned that they were being taken to England.

Bandman Blake, the Yarmouth boxer, summoned for going the pace on his motor-cycle, was stated to have enlisted, and the case was dismissed.

An Australian Scot—Mr. Thomas Robertson, of Ballarat—too old to go to the front, is paying £2 a week for a year to a volunteer from his native place.

It has been calculated that the loan of £100,000,000 will fall on individuals at rates varying from 23 7/8 d. on an income of £200 to 263 6d. on an income of £750.

SIX WEEKS' RECRUITING.

Percentage to the Male Population.

Figures showing the percentage of the recruits enlisted to the male population in England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales have been obtained from the Director of Recruiting by Mr. Gershom Stewart, M.P. (formerly of Hongkong), who asked a question on the subject in the House of Commons recently and was referred to the Director of Recruiting.

Mr. Gershom Stewart gives the figures in a letter to the Liverpool Courier. They show the approximate number of recruits raised from August 4th to September 15th as 501,580, the number contributed by each country and the percentage to the male population in each case being as follows:—

	Recruits.	Percentage.
England	396,701	2.41
Scotland	64,444	2.79
Ireland	20,419	.33
Wales	19,866	1.04

CHILDREN'S COLDS.

WHY let the children rack their little bodies in such a distressing manner when you can so easily cure their colds with a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

VICTORIA THEATRE

To-night! To-night!!

FRIDAY, 23rd OCTOBER

AND

For 2 Nights Only

THE MAGNIFICENT PICTURE

IN 8 PARTS

3000 feet long

The Duchess of the Follies

SEE DOUGLAS AS "NAPOLEON"

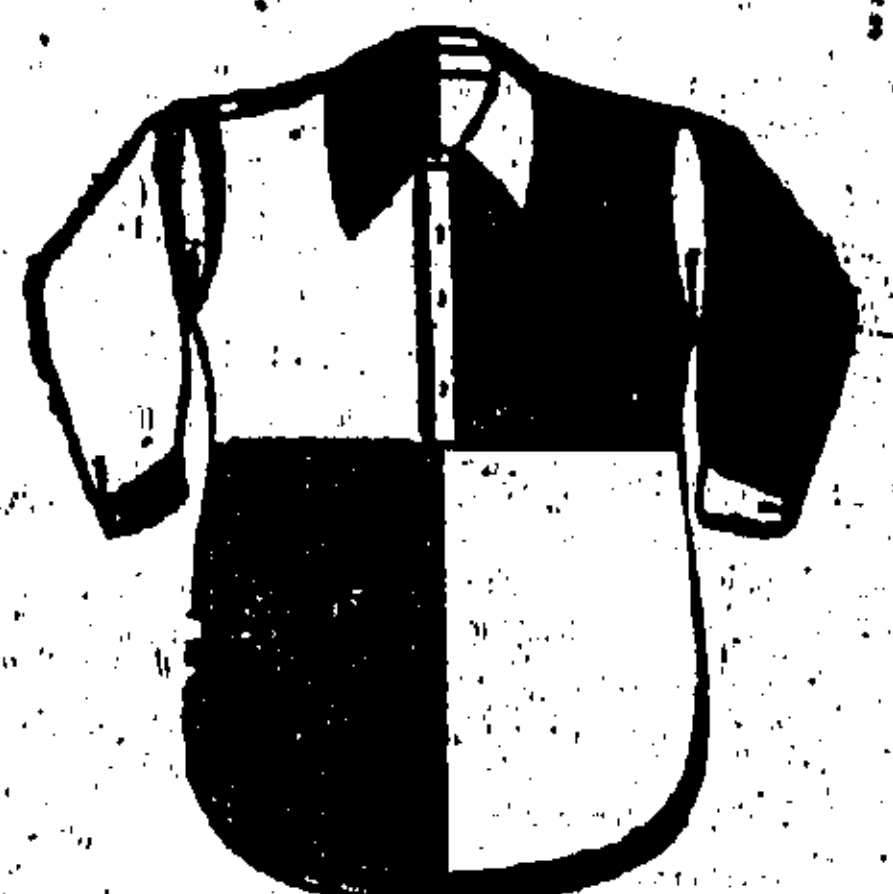
MONDAY, 26th OCTOBER

THE GREAT DUNCAN

AND HIS STAR COMPANY.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & Co., Ltd.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT TO FOOTBALL CLUBS. WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED OUR NEW STOCK OF FOOTBALL SHIRTS IN THE LATEST CLUB STRIPES, EITHER WITH 2 INCH VERTICAL STRIPES OR WITH HALVES REVERSED AS SKETCH.



COLOURS
WHITE AND BLACK.
BLACK AND YELLOW.
WHITE AND GREEN.
SKY AND WHITE.
BLACK AND GREEN.
RED AND WHITE.
BLACK WHITE.

\$24. Dozen.

FOOTBALL KNIKERS

IN NAVY STRIPE OR WHITE TWILL WELL CUT AND FINISHED.

\$21.00 AND \$30.00 Dozen.

20 DES VUEK ROAD, HONGKONG.

Burgoyne's

THE WINES THAT MAKE

AUSTRALIA FAMOUS

Wine Growers to

H. M. The King

Claret Reserve Per Case 12 Quarts	\$17.00
Claret Reserve Per Case 24 Pints	\$18.00
Burgundy Reserve Per Case 12 Quarts	\$18.00
Burgundy Reserve Per Case 24 Pints	\$19.00
Hook Reserve Per Case 12 Quarts	\$18.00
Hook Reserve Per Case 24 Pints	\$19.00
Chablis Reserve Per Case 12 Quarts	\$19.00
Chablis Reserve Per Case 24 Pints	\$20.00

SOLE AGENTS.

Gande, Price & Co., Ltd.,

6, Queen's Road Central,

Tel. No. 135

HONGKONG

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

Time Table From 1st. October 1914.

OUT										IN									
Kowloon	6.50	7.42	8.49	11.25	2.00	3.00	5.15	7.30		Canton	7.15	8.00	8.55	11.35	2.55	4.30	6.25	8.45	
Hong Kong	6.54	7.46	8.53	11.29	2.04	3.04	5.19	7.34		Sham Chun	8.03	10.03	11.33	2.55	4.30	6.25	8.45		
Yan Ma Ti	6.59	7.51	8.58	11.34	2.09	3.09	5.24	7.39		Shuang Shui	8.12	10.12	11.42	3.01	4.36	6.31	8.51		
Sha Tin	7.10	8.02	9.09	11.45	2.20	3.20	5.35	7.50		Fan Ling	8.16	10.16	11.46	3.05	4.40	6.35	8.55		
Tai Po	7.23	8.15	9.22	11.58	2.33	3.33	5.48	8.03		Tai Po Market	8.28	10.28	11.58	3.17	4.51	6.46	9.07		
Tai Po Market	7.27	8.19	9.26	12.02	2.37	3.37	5.52	8.07		Sha Tin	8.32	10.32	12.02	3.21	4.55	6.50	9.11		
Fan Ling	7.38	8.30	9.37	12.13	2.48	3.48	6.03	8.18		Yan Ma Ti	8.44	10.44	12.14	3.33	5.07	7.02	9.23		
Shuang Shui	7.50	8.42	9.49	12.25	2.60	3.60	6.15	8.30		Hong Kong	8.56	10.56	12.26	3.45	5.19	7.14	9.35		
Sham Chun	7.54	8.46	9.53	12.29	2.64	3.64	6.19	8.34		Kowloon	9.02	10.52	12.22	3.58	5.30	7.25	9.46		
Canton	11.20	12.12	13.19	12.40	3.05	4.05	6.20	8.35											

*Will stop at Sheung Shui on notice being given to the guard at Kowloon.

Golfers' Train. Sundays and Public Holidays.

Kowloon 8.45 a.m. Tai Po 9.15 Sheung Shui 9.30

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45

Fan Ling 12.15

Sha Tin 12.45

Fan Ling 1.15

Sha Tin 1.45

Fan Ling 2.15

Sha Tin 2.45

Fan Ling 3.15

Sha Tin 3.45

Fan Ling 4.15

Sha Tin 4.45

Fan Ling 5.15

Sha Tin 5.45

Fan Ling 6.15

Sha Tin 6.45

Fan Ling 7.15

Sha Tin 7.45

Fan Ling 8.15

Sha Tin 8.45

Fan Ling 9.15

Sha Tin 9.45

Fan Ling 10.15

Sha Tin 10.45

Fan Ling 11.15

Sha Tin 11.45